



TOPF



questions?

Open-Sourcing PostFinance's Tool to Migrate and Manage Talos Linux Clusters

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Kubernetes at PostFinance

- Systemic Swiss bank
- ~35 vanilla (kubeadm) Kubernetes clusters
- ~55 TiB Memory, largest cluster 133 Nodes
- Air-gapped environment
- 2 on-prem datacenters - VSphere Virtualization
- Chaos Monkey on all clusters  ([postfinance/chaosmonkey](https://github.com/postfinance/chaosmonkey))
- Oldest cluster:

```
k get ns kube-system
NAME          STATUS   AGE
kube-system   Active   7y53d
```

Starting Point

Debian + kubeadm + Ansible

- 32 Ansible task files · 1,878 lines of playbooks
- 20 Jinja2 templates — kubeadm, containerd, sysctl, ...
- not idempotent

```
export ETCDCTL_ENDPOINTS="{%- f
https://{ node } }:{ etcd_list
}{%- endfor -%}"
```

```
- name: Node action | drain and act when needed
when: |
    (node_restart_mode is defined and last_restart.stdout
    | int > 72 * 3600) or
    (os_update is defined and dopatch_required) or
    (cri_update is defined and cri_update_needed)
```

```
- name: Kernel | Set reboot fact to true when cri
socket/kubelet conf does not exist and kernel
cmdline is wrong
set_fact:
    reboot: true
when:
    - not cri_sock_result.stat.exists
    - not kubelet_stat.stat.exists
    - 'not "systemd.unified_cgroup_hi
proc_cmdline' in
```

Talos Linux

An operating system with exactly one job: run Kubernetes^[1]

- < 50 OS binaries
- < 80 MB OS footprint
- Immutable root filesystem
- No package manager
- No SSH, no shell
- No shell
- Interaction purely through an (mTLS gRPC) API
- Declarative configuration

```
$ cat machineconfig.yaml
version: v1alpha1
machine:
  install:
    disk: /dev/sda
...
cluster:
  network:
    podSubnets:
      - 10.244.0.0/16
    serviceSubnets:
      - 10.96.0.0/12
```

```
$ talosctl apply -f machineconfig.yaml -n 10.0.1.11
Applied configuration without a reboot
```

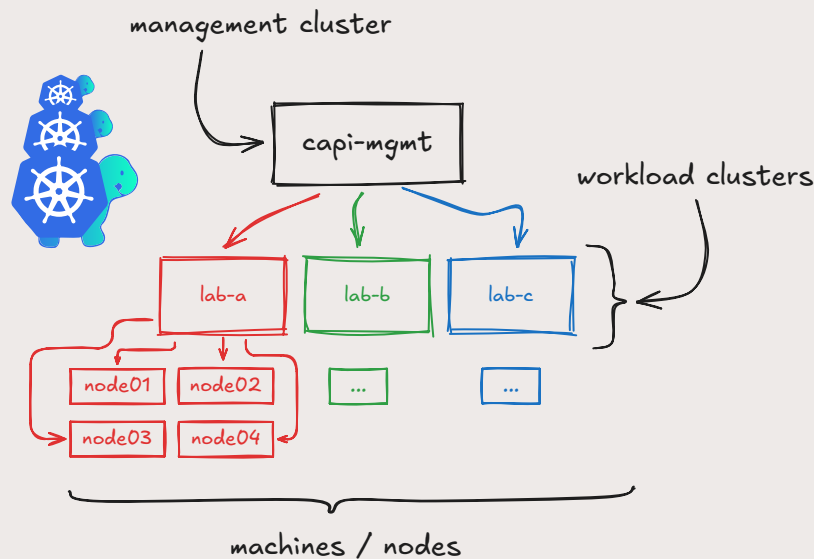
1. <https://docs.siderolabs.com/talos/v1.13/learn-more/philosophy>

Our initial plan: ClusterAPI + Talos

- Declarative cluster lifecycle
- CRDs for clusters/nodes

but...

- Siderolabs shifted away from CAPI^[1]
- Kubernetes to manage Kubernetes
- CAPI complexity vs simplicity goal



1. <https://www.siderolabs.com/blog/talos-linux-capi-community-maintenance>

Our Options

```
- name: Apply Talos machine config
  ansible.builtin.command: |
    talosctl apply -f {{ config }}
```



Talhelper



Omni

manual

config generator

turnkey

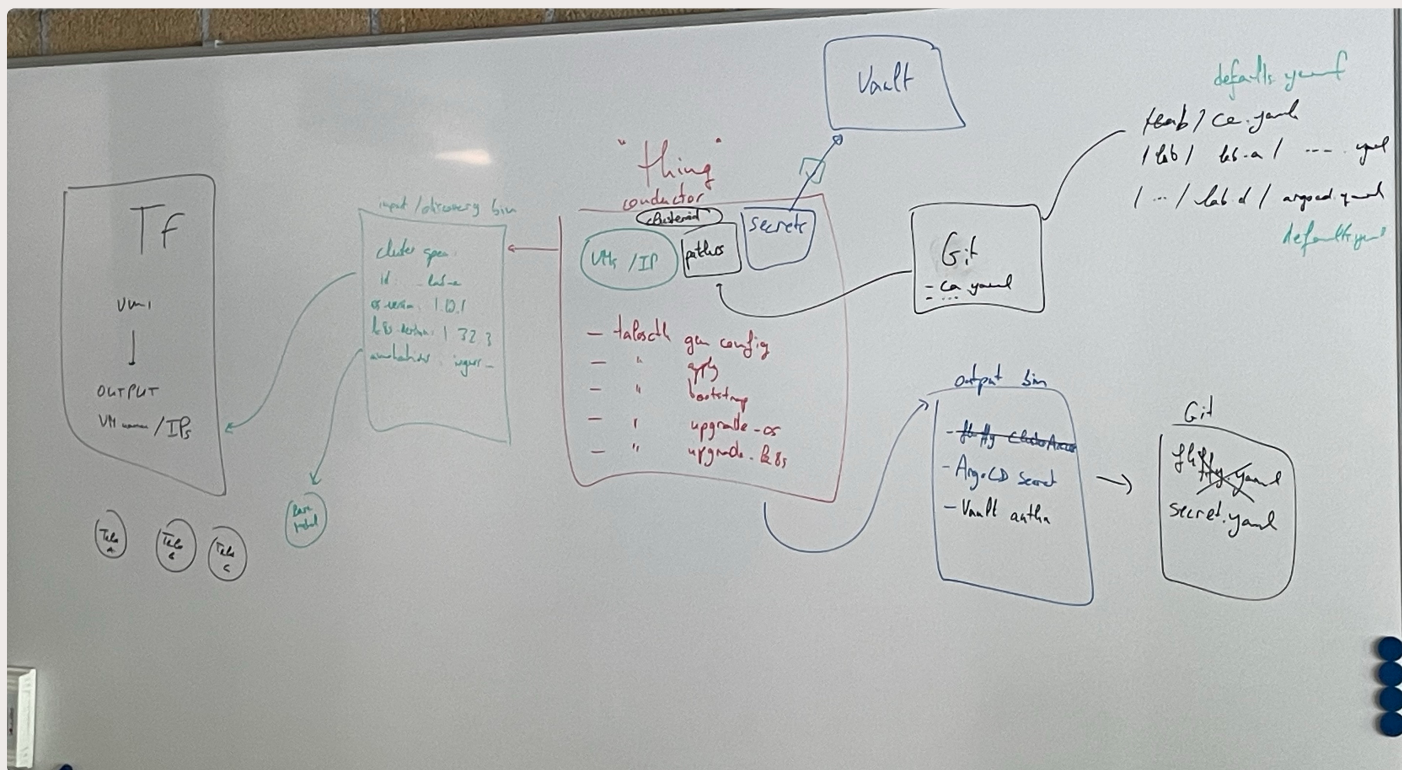
Note

This project is now archived and abandoned. I suggest people who depend on this tool to migrate to other similar tools like [topf](#) or [talstomize](#)

Archived on **Aug 26th, 2026**



Thing



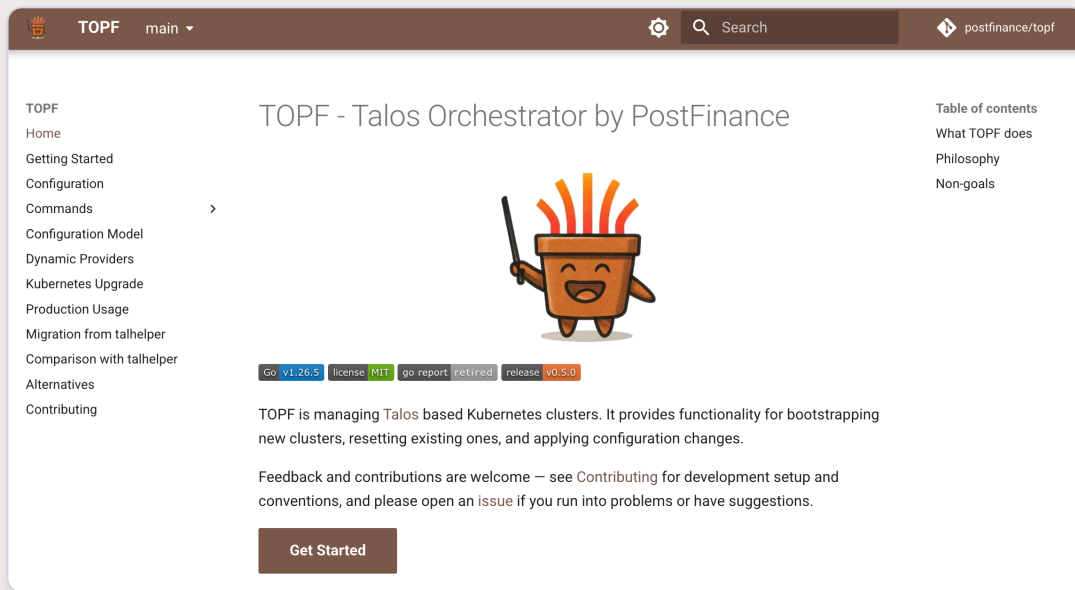
The original whiteboard sketch of what would become TOPF

TOPF

Talos Orchestrator by PostFinance

Not an operator.
Not a controller.
A CLI tool.

Topf is also German for a (plant) pot



Hello World

```
└─ all/  
  └─ ● disk.yaml  
  └─ ● topf.yaml
```

Patches are just files with some Talos config, placed in `all/`.

- `topf.yaml`

```
clusterName: my-cluster  
clusterEndpoint: https://192.168.1.11:6443  
nodes:  
  - host: node1  
    ip: 192.168.1.11  
    role: control-plane
```

- `all/disk.yaml` – (could be any name)

```
# docs.siderolabs.com/talos/v1.13/reference/configuration  
machine:  
  install:  
    disk: /dev/sda
```

```
$ topf apply --auto-bootstrap  
Do you want to apply the above changes to node1 (Mode: NO_REBOOT)? [y/n]: y  
13:58:21 INFO applied machine config command=apply node=node1 mode=NO_REBOOT  
13:59:11 INFO etcd bootstrap completed successfully command=apply
```

Patches per Role

```
├── all/  
│   └── disk.yaml  
├── control-plane/  
│   └── ● vip.yaml  
├── worker/  
│   └── ● kernel-params.yaml  
└── topf.yaml
```

● control-plane/vip.yaml

```
apiVersion: v1alpha1  
kind: Layer2VIPConfig  
name: 192.168.1.100  
link: eth0
```

● worker/kernel-params.yaml

```
machine:  
  sysctls:  
    vm.max_map_count: "1048576"
```

Patches in `control-plane/` and `worker/` folders only apply to nodes with that role.

Why not just `talosctl` ?

Possible, but not as nice

```
$ talosctl gen secrets -o secrets.yaml

$ talosctl gen config my-cluster https://192.168.1.100:6443 \
  --with-secrets secrets.yaml \
  --config-patch @disk.yaml \
  --config-patch-control-plane @vip.yaml \
  --config-patch-worker @kernel-params.yaml \
  --output-dir ./generated

$ talosctl apply-config --insecure -n 192.168.1.11 -f ./generated/controlplane.yaml
$ talosctl apply-config --insecure -n 192.168.1.12 -f ./generated/controlplane.yaml
$ talosctl apply-config --insecure -n 192.168.1.13 -f ./generated/controlplane.yaml
$ talosctl apply-config --insecure -n 192.168.1.14 -f ./generated/worker.yaml
$ talosctl apply-config --insecure -n 192.168.1.15 -f ./generated/worker.yaml

$ talosctl bootstrap -n 192.168.1.11 --talosconfig ./generated/talosconfig
```

Node Specific Patches

```
├── all/  
│   └── disk.yaml  
├── control-plane/  
│   └── vip.yaml  
├── worker/  
│   └── kernel-params.yaml  
├── node/  
│   └── node4/  
│       └── ● disk.yaml  
└── topf.yaml
```

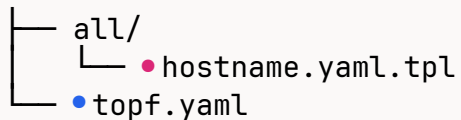
● node/node4/disk.yaml

```
# node4 has different hardware → override  
machine:  
  install:  
    disk: /dev/nvme0n1
```

node4 gets patches from `all/` , `worker/` and `nodes/node4/` .

Patches are overlayed from least specific to specific, so things can be overridden.

Templating



Use any data from `topf.yaml` .

- `all/hostname.yaml.tpl`

```
apiVersion: v1alpha1
kind: HostnameConfig
hostname: {{ .Node.Host }}
```

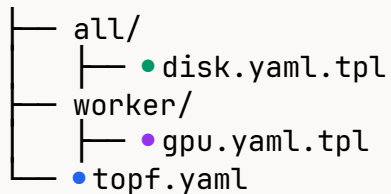
using any data from...

- `topf.yaml`

```
...
nodes:
- host: node1 # <-- for example from here
  ip: 192.168.1.11
  role: control-plane
```

Patches using go templating must end in `.tpl` .

Templating: Node Data



Add arbitrary data to your nodes.

•topf.yaml

```
nodes:
  - host: node4
    data: # <-- arbitrary k/v data
      disk: /dev/sda
      gpu: true
```

•all/disk.yaml.tpl

```
machine:
  install:
    disk: {{ .Node.Data.disk }}
```

•worker/gpu.yaml.tpl

```
{{ if index .Node.Data "gpu" }}
machine:
  kernel:
    modules:
      - name: nvidia
{{ end }}
```

Upgrading Talos

```
└─ all/
   └─ ● disk.yaml
      ● topf.yaml
```

- topf.yaml

```
clusterName: my-cluster
clusterEndpoint: https://192.168.1.11:6443
talosVersion: 1.13.8
nodes:
  - host: node1
    ip: 192.168.1.11
    role: control-plane
```

Track the desired Talos version in `topf.yaml`, use `topf upgrade` to upgrade.

```
$ topf upgrade
level=INFO msg="upgrade required" version_actual=1.13.7 version_desired=1.13.8
Do you want to upgrade node node1 with installer factory.talos.dev...:v1.13.8? [y/n]: y
level=INFO msg="upgrade artifacts installed"
level=INFO msg="draining kubernetes node"
level=INFO msg="reboot initiated"
level=INFO msg="machine ready, waiting for stabilization..."
level=INFO msg="kubernetes node uncordoned"
```

Secrets Management

```
├── all/  
│   └── •wireguard.yaml  
├── secrets.yaml ← auto generated  
└── topf.yaml
```

- SOPS^[1] support.
- Vals^[2] support.
- Custom logic: `secretsProvider`
- Secrets are redacted in dry-run outputs
- Secrets everywhere

1. <https://github.com/getsops/sops>

2. <https://github.com/helmfile/vals>

- wireguard.yaml (Vals ref)

```
kind: WireguardConfig  
name: wg.int  
privateKey: ref+gitlab://gitlab.com/projects/42/privkey
```





Live Demo 

github.com/postfinance/topf

Migration

1. match config
2. import PKI material
3. add control-plane nodes (one by one)
4. add worker nodes
5. remove old kubeadm nodes



[Day 2000 Migration.pdf](#)

[YouTube recording](#)

Nodes Provider

Resolve node lists and secrets at runtime from external sources.

instead of a static list...

```
# topf.yaml
nodes:
- host: node1
  ip: 192.168.1.11
  role: control-plane
```

...point at a binary:

```
# topf.yaml
nodesProvider: ./nodes-from-terraform.sh
```

e.g. read nodes from a Terraform output, cloud API, or inventory

Schematic Resolution

stop juggling Talos Factory ^[1] image hashes

Before — the Factory UI

Talos Linux Image Factory

The Talos Linux Image Factory, developed by [Sidero Labs, Inc.](#), offers a method to download various boot assets for [Talos Linux](#).

For more information about the Image Factory API and the available image formats, please visit [the GitHub repository](#).

Version: v1.3.3

Hardware Type

- ☒ **Bare-metal Machine**
Suitable for x86-64 and arm64 bare-metal machines, as well as generic virtual machines. If unsure, choose this option.
- ☐ **Cloud Server**
Compatible with AWS, GCP, Azure, VMWare, Equinix Metal, and other platforms, including homelab environments like Proxmox.
- ☐ **Single Board Computer**
Supports Raspberry Pi, Pine64, Jetson Nano, and similar devices.

Next →

Language English ▾

After — a manifest in Git

- `manifest.yaml.tpl`

```
customization:
  extraKernelArgs:
    - ip={{ .Node.IP }}::10.0.0.1:255.255.255.0::eth0
  systemExtensions:
    officialExtensions:
      - siderolabs/vmtoolsd-guest-agent
```

- `topf.yaml`

```
schematicId: "@manifest.yaml.tpl"
```

1. <https://factory.talos.dev/>

TOPF in GitLab CI

one pipeline per cluster — GitOps for day-2 ops

```
# .gitlab-ci.yml
default:
  before_script:
    - git clone --branch "$CONFIG_REF" "https://$CONFIG_REPO" .

dry-run:
  script: topf apply --dry-run

apply:
  script: topf apply --confirm=false
  when: manual

upgrade:
  script: topf upgrade --confirm=false
  when: manual
```

```
$ topf apply --dry-run

node2 (Mode: NO_REBOOT)
machine:
  install:
-   disk: /dev/sda
+   disk: /dev/nvme0n1
  kernel:
    modules:
+   - name: nvidia

1 node changed — exit code 2
```

Give it a Try

- Kubernetes with Talos is so easy, you might not need a managed Service.
- Play around with Talos and TOPF in your Homelab!





questions?



Thank you!



postfinance/topf



talos.dev

clement.n8r.ch

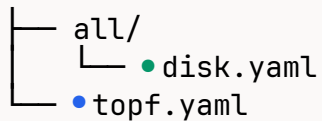


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Questions? 

Multiple Nodes



Run `topf apply` to join those nodes.

•topf.yaml

```
clusterName: my-cluster
clusterEndpoint: https://192.168.1.11:6443
nodes:
  - host: node1
    ip: 192.168.1.11
    role: control-plane
  - host: node2
    ip: 192.168.1.12
    role: control-plane
  - host: node3
    ip: 192.168.1.13
    role: control-plane
  - host: node4
    ip: 192.168.1.14
    role: worker
  - host: node5
    ip: 192.168.1.15
    role: worker
```